

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 5532

February Session, 2002

AN ACT REQUIRING REDUCTION IN GLARE AND LIGHT POLLUTION FROM PRIVATE AREA FLOODLIGHTING LOCATED WITHIN THE STATE RIGHT-OF-WAY.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2002) (a) For the purposes of
- 2 this section:
- 3 (1) "Fixture" means the assembly that holds a lamp and may include
- 4 an assembly housing, a mounting bracket or pole socket, a lamp
- 5 holder, a ballast, a reflector or mirror and a refractor or lens;
- 6 (2) "Luminaire" means the complete lighting system, including the
- 7 lamp and the fixture;
- 8 (3) "Lumen" means a unit of measurement of luminous flux;
- 9 (4) "Floodlight" means any luminaire with an output greater than
- 10 one thousand eight hundred lumens intended for private area lighting
- and mounted within the state right-of-way;
- 12 (5) "Light trespass" means light emitted by a luminaire that shines
- 13 beyond the boundaries of the property designed for illumination;
- 14 (6) "State highway" shall have the same meaning as in subsection (a)
- 15 of section 13a-1 of the general statutes;

- 16 (7) "Direct light" means light that can be seen directly from the light 17 source and other light-emitting or reflecting elements of the luminaire; 18 and
 - (8) "Glare" means the sensation produced by the illuminance of a luminaire within the visual field that is sufficiently greater than the illuminance to which the eyes are adapted causing annoyance, discomfort or loss in visual performance and visibility.
 - (b) No floodlight intended for private property illumination shall be located within the state right-of-way on any state highway unless (1) the luminaire is designed to maximize energy conservation and to minimize light pollution, glare and light trespass, (2) the luminaire's illuminance is equal to the minimum illuminance adequate for the intended purpose, (3) the luminaire is sufficiently shielded to eliminate light trespass and prevent any direct glare from any part of the luminaire from being visible from the state highway or adjacent property, and (4) the placement and shielding of the luminaire is in strict compliance with any zoning regulations of the municipality in which the luminaire is located.
 - (c) No luminaire shall be erected for illuminating any area of private property if the area intended for illumination is located across the state highway from the utility pole used to mount the luminaire.
 - (d) Any luminaire in violation of any provision of subsection (b) or (c) of this section operating prior to October 1, 2002, shall be brought into compliance with the requirements in subsection (b) of this section no later than October 1, 2005.
 - (e) On and after October 1, 2005, the Commissioner of Transportation shall notify an electric distribution company of any reported violation of the requirements in subsection (b) of this section. Any company receiving such notice shall correct the violation not later than ninety days after the date of receipt of the notice. In the event an electric distribution company fails to correct such violation before such ninety-day period expires, the Commissioner of Transportation shall

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48 impose a civil penalty of one hundred dollars per day for each day the

- violation continues after such ninety-day period. Any penalty imposed
- on an electric distribution company shall be paid from shareholders' 50
- 51 profits and shall not be included by the Department of Public Utility
- 52 Control when determining rates for such company.

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	October 1, 2002

Joint Favorable Subst.-LCO **TRA**

ΕT Joint Favorable

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